

UK NEQAS Objectives

- To provide laboratories with an objective assessment of performance both within the laboratory and in relation to that of other laboratories
- To provide information on the relative performance of available kits and methods
- To identify factors associated with good and poor performance
- To monitor and improve the between-laboratory agreement

The primary role of UK NEQAS is education!

UK NEQAS Objectives

- The aim of UK NEQAS is to improve:
 - agreement across methods of qualitative results – specificity
 - agreement across methods of quantitative results - ?accuracy

UKNEQAS

EuroEQAS for Specific IgE

- Established in 1984
- 400 participants, 300 from outside UK

EuroEQAS for Specific IgE

- Programme 'potentially' surveys laboratory performance in the identification and quantitation of common or clinically important IgE specificities
- Participants are invited to return data on 15 different allergens

UKINEQAS

EuroEQAS for Specific IgE D1 Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus E1 Cat epithelium E5 Dog dander F1 Egg white F2 Cow's milk • F13 Peanut • F17 Hazel nut • G6 Timothy grass I1 Bee venom I3 Wasp venom • K82 Latex M3 Aspergillus fumigatus Alternaria tenuis M6 • T3 Birch • W6 Mugwort **UKNEQAS**

Performance Scoring

- Qualitative and/or Quantitative responses recorded for each analyte.
- Grades are assessed in relation to a consensus (90%) designed response.
- Numerical data are assessed by Variance Index Scoring.

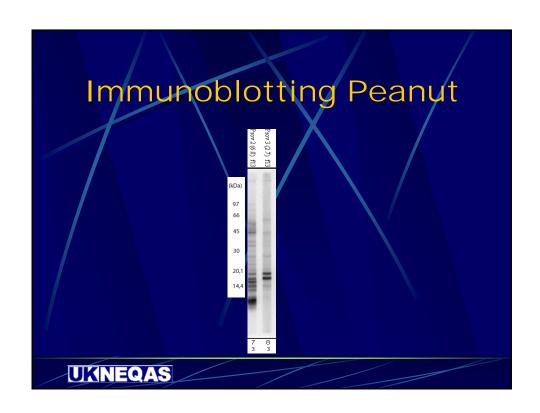
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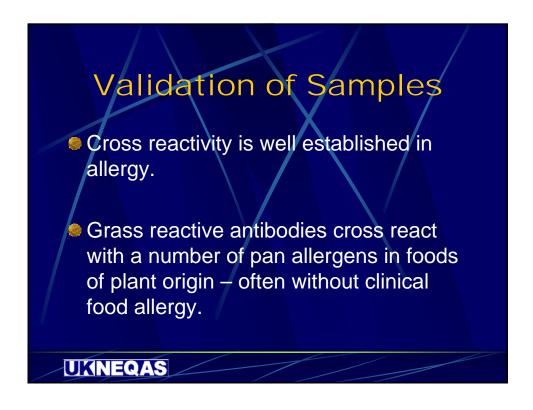
Validation of Samples

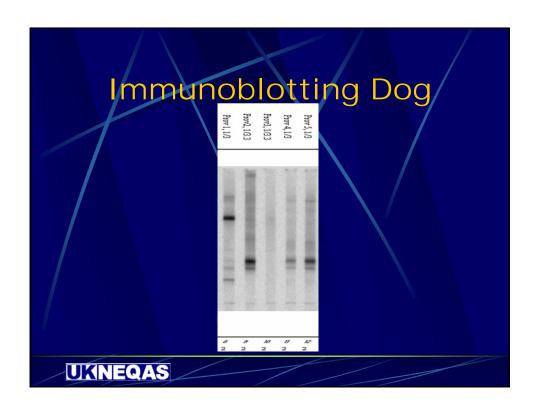
The definition of the allergen specific target responses is becoming more difficult due to the proliferation of methods now available.

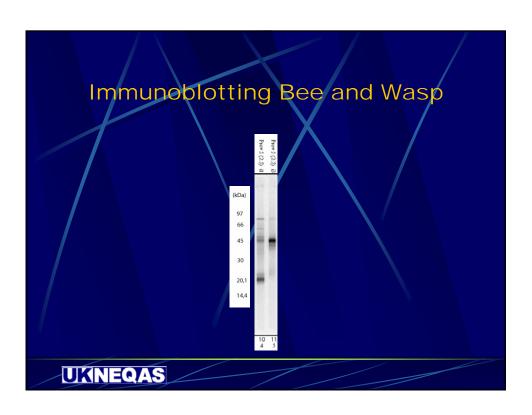
Validation of Samples Qualitative data – case for reviewing use of 90% of consensus for scoring!

Validation of Samples Immunoblotting can be helpful but Peanut contains several allergenic components which are associated with distinct clinical symptoms or severity of clinical reaction







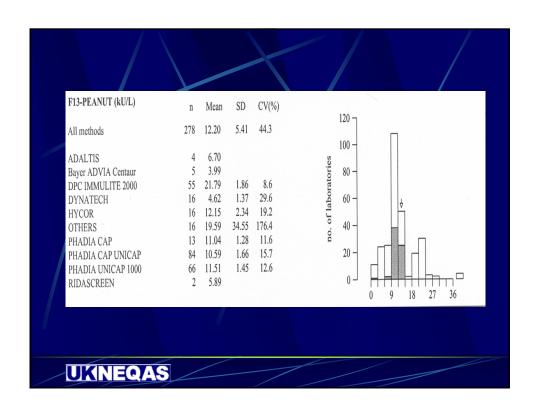


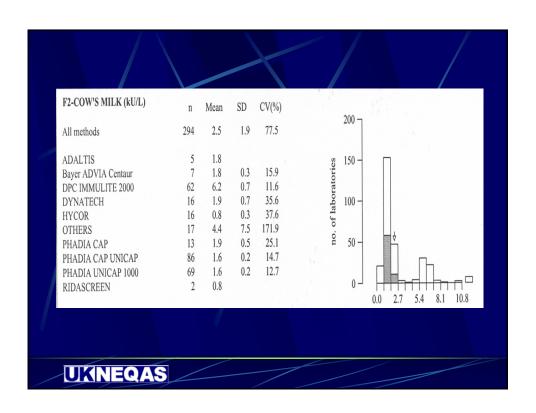




Performance Scoring

- The introduction of single donor sera rather than pooled material which had traditionally been distributed in the EQA programme has resulted in significant improvement of between – method agreement in Grades.
- Nevertheless, some major anomalies remain.





Future Programme Design:

Discussion about traditional threshold of 0.35 kU/L and possible clinical relevance of quantitation <0.35 kU/L

Scientific papers published on clinical utility of lower concentrations

Future Programme Design:

There will be analysis of future data to determine whether the methods available are adequately sensitive and precise for laboratories to have confidence in reporting Specific IgE concentrations in the range 0.1 to 0.35 kU/L

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Future Programme Design:

The major challenge for EuroEQAS is to source sufficient single donor sera to satisfactorily cover a fully representative panel of allergens. This is of particular relevance in the light of increasing demand for 'point of care testing' systems and devices.



